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What is claimed is:

1. A compact flash memory controller for controlling transfer of data between flash memory and a host device comprising:
 - 10 a PCMCIA-ATA flash memory interface;
 - an IDE interface;
 - a microcontroller
 - a ROM memory for program storage;
 - 15 a RAM memory for program execution and to maintain a set of command and attribute registers used by the microcontroller to manage the data transfer operation in and out of a plurality of flash memory;
 - 20 a buffer manager for temporarily storing data to be transferred to and from flash memory;
 - 25 a flash memory sequencer for controlling the transfer of a data to and from flash memory that has been received from the buffer manager; and
 - 30 a data bus couple to the set of operative components that include the microcontroller, the PCMCIA-ATA flash memory interface, the IDE interface, the ROM memory, the RAM memory and the buffer manager.
2. The compact flash controller as recited in claim 1, wherein the buffer manager includes an integrated data interface that is attached to the flash memory sequencer so that data segments or sectors can be moved to and from the flash memory sequencer.
3. The compact flash controller as recited in claim 2, wherein the buffer manager further comprises an integrated data buffer to receive and store data as at least sixteen bit format.
4. The compact flash controller as recited in claim 2, wherein the integrated data buffer is at least 512 kilobyte in size.

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5. The compact flash controller as recited in claim 1, wherein the data bus transports data, addresses and commands between the operative components of the controller and the host device.

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6. The compact flash controller as recited in claim 1, said flash memory sequencer comprises a counter, a sequencer RAM which stores instructions at an address which is indicated by said counter, an instruction decoder coupled with said sequencer RAM for decoding a instruction so that a decoded micro order is sent to a flash memory chip through said data bus, and a decision circuit which adjusts content of said counter depending upon an output of said AND circuit.

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20 7. The compact flash controller as recited in claim 1, wherein the integrated data interface attached to the buffer manager is directly interfaced to the flash memory sequencer where data from the buffer can move from a buffer location to the flash memory sequence, in parallel and without program intervention.

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25 8. The compact flash controller as recited in claim 1, wherein the compact flash controller can access a plurality of flash memory modules.

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9. The compact flash controller as recited in claim 8, wherein the flash memory modules are grouped in a two module set, one that stores odd bit data segments or sectors and the other that stores even bit data segments or sectors.

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10. The compact flash controller as recited in claim 8, wherein each flash memory module have a plurality of data and address elements that are least 8 bits wide.

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11. A flash memory system coupled with a host device comprising:

a flash memory, and

a compact flash controller for controlling data transfers between flash memory and a host device, where the compact flash controller comprises:

a PCMCIA-ATA flash memory interface;

an IDE interface;

a microcontroller

a ROM memory for program storage;

15 a RAM memory for program execution and to maintain a set of command and attribute registers used by the microcontroller to manage the data transfer operation in and out of a plurality of flash memory;

a buffer manager for temporarily storing data to be transferred to and from flash memory;

20 a flash memory sequencer for controlling the transfer of a data to and from flash memory that has been received from the buffer manager; and

25 a data bus couple to the set of operative components that include the microcontroller, the PCMCIA-ATA flash memory interface, the IDE interface, the ROM memory, the RAM memory and the buffer manager.

12. The flash memory system as recited in claim 11, wherein the

compact flash controller accesses a plurality of flash memory modules.

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13. The flash memory system as recited in claim 12, wherein the flash memory modules are grouped in a two module set, one that stores odd bit data segments or sectors and the other that stores even bit data segments or sectors.

5 14. The flash memory system as recited in claim 13, wherein each
flash memory module have a plurality of data and address elements that are
least 8 bits wide.

10 15. A method of controlling the transfer of data between flash memory
and a host device performed by a compact flash controller comprising the steps
of:

15 receiving power up sequence from host device;
 initializing controller, a plurality of flash memory modules as well as other
internal components;
 reading an incoming OE/ATSEL signal that indicates which interface
specification is to be used for to transfer data, address information and control
signals to and from the host device;
 detecting that there is a command to be processed;
 selecting the command specified by a plurality of command parameters
20 from at least one register found in an attribute memory of the compact flash
controller; and
 executing the command.

25 16. The method as recited in claim 15, wherein if the received state of
the OE/ATSEI signal is high then a PCMCIA/ATA interface is selected to receive
as well as transfer of data, address information between flash memory and a
host device.

30 17. The method as recited in claim 15, wherein if the received state of
the OE/ATSEI signal is low then a true IDE interface is selected to receive as
well as transfer of data, address information between flash memory and a host
device.

18. The method as recited in claim 15, wherein the command specified

5 by the plurality of command parameters writes data and address content
received from the host device to at least one odd bit partition and at least one
even bit partition of flash memory.

10 19. The method as recited in claim 15, wherein the command specified
by the plurality of command parameters reads data and address content from at
least one odd bit partition and at least one even bit partition of flash memory that
is transferred back to the host device.

15 20. The method as recited in claim 15, wherein the command specified by
the plurality of command parameters is a command that controls the operation of
the compact flash but does not perform a data transfer between the host device
and the flash memory.

20 21. The method as recited in claim 15, wherein after the compact flash
controller has executed the specified command, the compact flash controller
stands idle waiting a predetermined time period for the next command to
execute.

25 22. The method as recited in claim 15, wherein after if the a predetermined
time period elapses, the compact flash controller suspends any operative activity
and waits until a request to execute a new command has been detected.